

Exercise 2

Show that

$$\frac{1}{1/z} = z \quad (z \neq 0).$$

Solution

The multiplicative inverse of $z = (x, y)$ is given in Equation (6) on page 4.

$$z^{-1} = \left(\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}, \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \right) \quad (6)$$

As a result,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{1/z} &= \frac{1}{z^{-1}} \\ &= (z^{-1})^{-1} \\ &= \left(\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}, \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \right)^{-1} \\ &= \left(\frac{\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}}{\left(\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \right)^2}, \frac{-\left(\frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \right)}{\left(\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \right)^2} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}}{\frac{x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} + \frac{y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}}, \frac{\frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}}{\frac{x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} + \frac{y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}}{\frac{x^2 + y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}}, \frac{\frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}}{\frac{x^2 + y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}}, \frac{\frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \times \frac{x^2 + y^2}{1}, \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} \times \frac{x^2 + y^2}{1} \right) \\ &= (x, y) \\ &= z. \end{aligned}$$